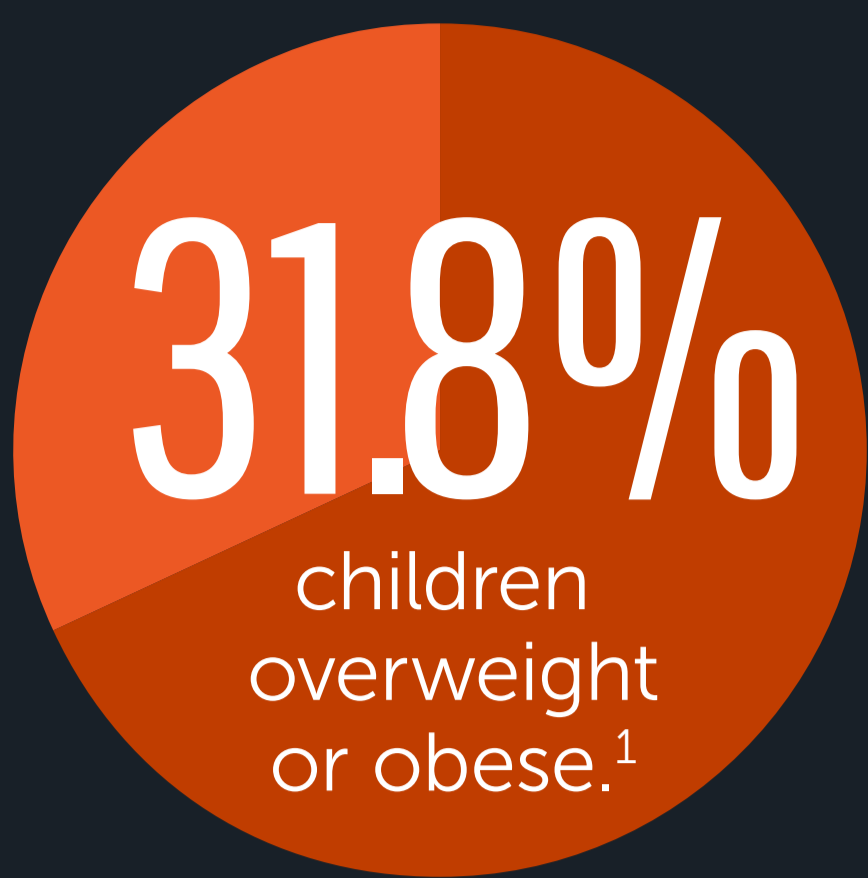


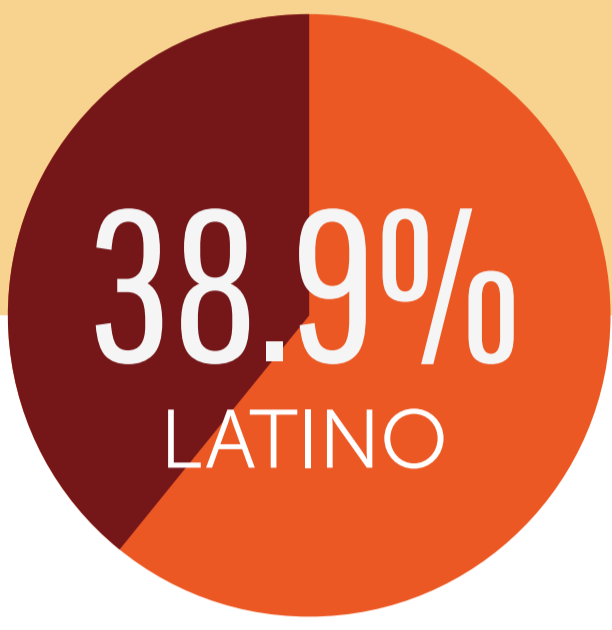
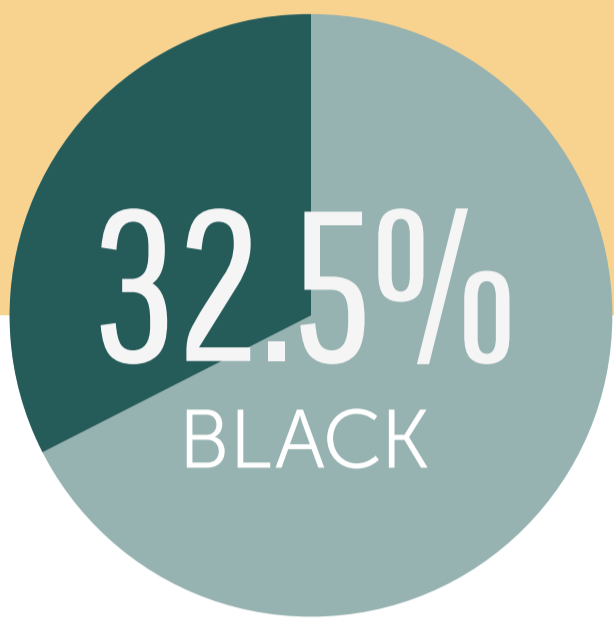
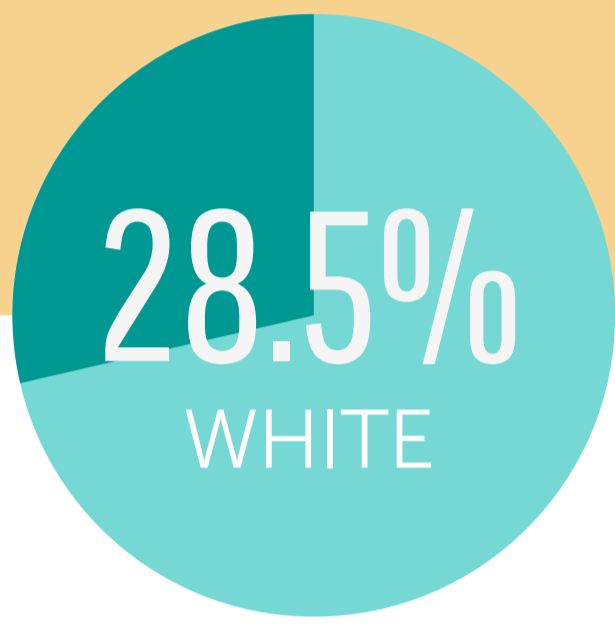
REDUCING CHILDHOOD OBESITY RATES

CLOSING THE GAP

Too many of our children are still overweight or obese.



Black and Latino children have substantially higher overweight and obesity rates than White youths.²



Native American children have higher overweight and obesity rates than any other racial or ethnic group.³



Childhood Diabetes



One in three American children born in the year 2000 will develop diabetes sometime in their lifetime.⁴

American Indian and Alaska Native youth are nine times more likely to be diagnosed with type 2 diabetes than their white peers.⁵



Help all kids live healthy now

Join the Movement

VISIT NB3FOUNDATION.ORG

1) Children 2 to 19. Source: Wang Y and Beydoun MA. The Obesity Epidemic in the United States — Gender, Age, Socioeconomic, Racial/Ethnic, and Geographic Characteristics: A Systematic Review and Meta-Regression Analysis. *Epidemiol Rev*, 29: 6-28, 2007. And, CDC/NCHS, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 2011-2012.

2) Children 2 to 19. Source: Wang Y and Beydoun MA. The Obesity Epidemic in the United States — Gender, Age, Socioeconomic, Racial/Ethnic, and Geographic Characteristics: A Systematic Review and Meta-Regression Analysis. *Epidemiol Rev*, 29: 6-28, 2007. And, CDC/NCHS, National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 2011-2012.

3) Styne, D.M. "Childhood Obesity in American Indians." *Journal of Public Health Management & Practice*, 16(5): 381-7, 2010

4) Venkat Narayan, K.M. et al. "Lifetime Risk for Diabetes Mellitus in the United States." *The Journal of the American Medical Association*, 290(14): 1884 – 1990, 2003.

5) Liese, A.D. et al. "The burden of diabetes mellitus among US youth: prevalence estimates from the SEARCH of Diabetes in Youth Study." *Pediatrics*, 118(4): 1510-8, 2006. Full statistic "The likelihood of American Indian and Alaska Native youths aged 10-19 diagnosed with type 2 diabetes is nine times higher than Whites."